

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE
NORTHERN DISTRICT OF FLORIDA
TALLAHASSEE DIVISION

MATTHEW THOMPSON,

Plaintiff,

v.

CASE No. 4:14-cv-465-RH-GRJ

B. SMITH, et al.,

Defendants.

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ORDER

Pending before the Court is ECF No. 67, Defendants' Motion to Depose the Plaintiff. Defendants seek authorization to depose Plaintiff, a prisoner in the custody of the Florida Department of Corrections and presently confined at Walton Correctional Institution ("Walton CI").

Pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 30(a)(2)(B), a party "must obtain leave of court, and the court must grant leave to the extent consistent with Rule 26(b)(1) and (2) . . . if the deponent is confined in prison." Upon a review of Defendants' motion, the Court determines that the deposition of Plaintiff complies with the principles outlined in Federal

Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(2)(C).¹ Thus, Defendants' motion is due to be granted.

Accordingly, it is **ORDERED** that:

Defendants' motion to depose Plaintiff, ECF No. 67, is **GRANTED**. Defendants shall coordinate the scheduling of the deposition with the proper authorities of Walton CI.

DONE AND ORDERED this 23rd day of March, 2017.

s/ Gary R. Jones
GARY R. JONES
United States Magistrate Judge

¹ Rule 26(b)(2)(C) provides, in pertinent part, that the court may limit discovery if it determines that:

- (i) the discovery sought is unreasonably cumulative or duplicative, or can be obtained from some other source that is more convenient, less burdensome, or less expensive; (ii) the party seeking discovery has had ample opportunity to obtain the information by discovery in the action; or (iii) the proposed discovery is outside the scope permitted by Rule 26(b)(1).